Newport Mercury.

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Newport Mercury.

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TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

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BIBLES.

Wm. & J. H. Barber,
No. 133, Thames-Street,
Have just received.

AN Assortment of CAREY's Quarto BIBLES, with Plates, Maps, &c. at Prices from $3 to $10 each.

Constantly on Hand,
A great Variety of
Ledgers, Journals, Waste, Invoice, Sales, Cash, and Record BOOKS,
Made of the best Paper, bound or superior manner and Patent Ruled.
☞ Old Books re-bound.
Newport, Nov. 25.

BLANKS

For Sale at this Office,

DEEDS—Warrantee and Quit-claim
WRITS—Indorsee vs. drawer of a note
County Court Writs
do. do. Executions
Justices, Note and Book
Justices Executions
Subpœnas
Warrants, for collecting Militia Fines
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Probate—Administrators' Bonds
Executors Do.
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Do. of Appraisement
Commercial—Bills of Lading
Bills of Exchange
Portage Bills
Powers of Attorney
Enrolment Bills of Sale
Register Bills of Sale
Foreign Manifests
Coasters' Manifests
May 20, 1820.

FRESH FLOUR.

Just landed, and for Sale on Gardner's Wharf.

300 Bbls. & 50 half-Bbls. fresh Superfine *Mountain* FLOUR, selected expressly for families use.

50 Bbls. scratch'd Flour, of a good quality.—*Apply to*
JOHN B. LYON.
Newport, Dec. 9.

Turnpike Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a Special Meeting of the stockholders in the *Providence and Pawtucket Turnpike Corporation*, is to be held at the Counting Room of *Gideon Thornton & Co.* in Providence, on TUESDAY, the 26th day of December next, at 2 o'clock P. M. when and where a general and punctual attendance is requested, as it is intended to make another Assessment, and probably the last, on the respective Shares.

By order of a sufficient number of Stockholders
GIDEON THORNTON, *Sec'ry.*
Providence, Nov. 30, 1820

TO LET,

THE STORE in Market-Square, now improved by *Shearman & Almy*.—Possession will be given on the 19th inst.—For terms, apply to
HARRIET MOORE,
S. WHITEHORNE, or
HENRY MOORE.
Newport, Dec. 9.

☞ JUST OPENED!

ROBERT P. LEE,
No. 110, *Thames Street.*

HAS just received from Auctions, a great Variety of FRESH GOODS, which will be Sold unusually low for CASH.—*They consist of*:—

RHODES's best black and colour'd Bombazetts; double chain black Levantines; superior black taffeta Ribbons; Broad Russia Diapers; fine Chintzs; undress'd Calicoes; Gloves; best Italian Sewing Silk; Russia Sheetings; Ravens Duck; black Florentine; tabby and Silk Velvets; steam-loom Shirtings; Sorges, &c.

LIKEWISE,

Broadcloths	Worsted Hosiery
Cassimeres	Pelisse Flannels
Pelisse Cloths	Rich bordered Shawls
Sattinets	7-4 & 8-4 Table Damask
Flannels assorted colours	English Ginghams
Devon. Kerseys	superior gilt Buttons
Plains	Sheetings
Lion-skin	Irish Linens
Vestings	Book Muslins
Blankets	Chex 4 & 5-4 wide
Drab Broadcloths	Worsted drawers
Black silk Hhdkfs.	Lambs-wool Hose.
Italian Crapes	
Black Lustrings	

The Public are respectfully invited to call.
Newport, Dec 9 4w

NEW GOODS,

JOHN B. NEWTON
No. 104, *Thames-Street,*
Has just received,

A PRIME Lot of DRY GOODS purchased at the late Auctions, which are going at unusually low prices.

Among them are:

Broadcloths and Cassimeres; a variety of Pelisse Clothe; a large assortment of Bombazetts; Serges at 2s per yard; Calicoes; table Damask 7-4 and 9-4, very cheap; Canton Crapes at $11 and $12 a piece; British Shirtings; real double chain Levantines; Sattinetts; Devonshire Kerseys; Cassimere Shawls; figur'd pelisse Flannels; Russia Sheetings; American Shirtings and Sheetings, bleached and unbleached; Handkerchiefs; Brown Linens, tapes, bobbins, ribbons, &c.—With a variety of other Goods too numerous to mention.
Newport, Dec. 9.

LOOK AT THIS!
$35,000 may be gained for 90 Cents!

Grand National LOTTERY,

BEGINS to Draw in the City of Washington on the 18th Inst. and will finish in 30 days

SCHEME.

One Prize of $35,000—1 of $10,000. 3 of $5000—40 of 1000—50 of 100, &c
Not Two Blanks to a Prize.—Fifteen per cent. deduction.

A Class of Fifty Tickets, upon the plan of Mutual Insurance, is opened for subscription upon liberal terms.

Present price of Tickets $9.—but will rise in a few days to 10 Dolls. each.

Plymouth Beach LOTTERY, Tenth Class.

THIS excellent Lottery begins to draw on the 18th inst. and will finish Jan. 3d, 1821.—The objection that too much money is put into One Prize, is here obviated—Instead of 8000 Dollars Highest Prize, there are 4 Prizes of 2000 Dollars each.

SCHEME.

4 Prizes of $2000—4 do. of 500—20 of $100—30 of 50—69 of 20—685 of $12—Only 3000 Tickets.

No Deduction.—not Two Blanks to a Prize—Will finish in 20 days.—Tickets, Wholes 10 dolls 50 cts.—Parts as usual

For chances in either of the above Lotteries, rich in Golden Prizes, apply at the Truly Fortunate Lottery Office of
J. C. SHAW,
No. 118, Thames Street
N. B. Orders enclosing the Cash post-paid, will receive immediate attention
Newport, Dec. 9.

NEW GOODS.

A VARIETY of New Articles, received from the late Auctions, just opened and for Sale Cheap, by
E. W. LAWTON,
Newport, Dec. 9.

Call. See! be Satisfied, and Buy?



Have Just Opened.

SEVEN Cases, Bales and Trunks of elegant
Fall and Winter GOODS,

From Boston Auctions.—Those who wish more large bundles for a little Money, will have the goodness to call and examine for themselves.—As the Goods are purchased, as usual, with Cash, they do not intend to be undersold.

Among the GOODS, are the following:

Superfine blue, black, drab, olive and brown Broadcloths; blue, black, olive and drab Pelise Cloths; blue and drab Queen's Cloth; blue, black, brown and mixed Cassimeres; 8-4 black Flannels, for Shawls and Scarfs; Rose Blankets; sattinetts from 4s6 to 6s per yard; red, green, yellow, black and white Flannels; scarlet, crimson and green ditto, from 4s6 to 5s8; Scotch Plaids; blue, red and purple Furniture for 1s; elegant Chintz Furniture for only 1s6; India Calicoes 6 yards each, for 1 dollar per piece; silk, worsted and cotton Hosiery; angola, beaver, dog-skin, silk and worsted Gloves; black, green, olive, brown, drab, scarlet and crimson Bombazetts, from 2s to 4s6; mixed and blue Broadcloths, from 9s to 24s; a large Assortment of Cotton Shawls, from 2s to 4s6; Carlisle Ginghams for only 1s6; Chex again for 9d; Cotton Shirtings and Sheetings, bleached from 18 to 25 cents, and unbleached for 9d; Linens; American Ginghams, Canton Crapes for 6 dollars a gown pattern; Nankin, Italian and French Crapes; Olive Velvets for only 2s3; tabby and silk do.; long lawn; linen Cambrics, very cheap; white and Cambric Handkerchiefs; India, mull, and jaconet ditto; leno, book and fancy Muslins; more good American Diaper; Gingham Umbrellas from 6s to 12s6; 4-4 American Carpetings for 3s; bandanno flag and black silk handkerchiefs; mixed mole-skin for Ladies Cloaks; 8-4 wide black India Lustrings for only 3s6; real good black Sinchaws; elegant Straw Bonnets, of the Leghorn patterns, as low as can be purchased in Newport.

A L S O,

Dr. Watts Hymn Books, arranged by Winchell.
Day & Martin's Real Japan Blacking
Newport, Dec. 9.

NOTICE,

THE Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine all claims of the creditors against the Estate of

Oliver H. Perry,

late of the United States Navy deceased, represented insolvent, give notice, that Six Months from the date hereof is allowed the creditors to exhibit and prove their demands, and that we will attend at our respective dwellings for the purpose of receiving said claims, at any time during the aforesaid period.

JAMES TAYLOR.
STEPHEN CAHOONE

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice that she has been duly appointed Administratrix, with the Will annexed, on said Estate, and that she has authorised RICHARD K. RANDOLPH, Esq. of said Newport to receive all debts due to said estate.—All Persons indebted thereto are requested to make payment accordingly

ELIZABETH C. PERRY, *Adm'x.*
Newport, Nov. 10, 1820.

NEW GOODS.



Has Just Opened,

A FEW Bales and Boxes of Goods, which together with his former Stock, now makes his Assortment complete.

Among them are:—

Superfine, fine and common black brown and blue Broadcloths	Ladies and Gentlemen's Gloves
Fine and common black brown, blue and mixt Cassimeres	Gloves & Mittens
A complete Assortment of Pelise Cloths and Cassimeres	An Assortment of Vestings
Duffils and Plains	6-4 and 4-4 sheer Muslins, cheap
Kerseys & Serges	Leno and fancy Muslins
An Assortment of Flannels & Baizes	Long Lawns and Linens
Beckings & Blankets	An assortment of Pocket Hhkdfs
Italian and Canton Crapes	Jaconet & common Cambrics
An assortment of Calicoes	Capes and Comforters
Bombazets & Bombazeens	Cotton Thread and Floss
Scotch Plaids	Dimities and Diapers
Silk and tabby Velvets	Shirtings & Sheetings
Uncut Velvet	Checks and Ginghams
Ladies habit Buttons	A complete Assortment of Ribbons
Knit Draws and Hosiery.	Italian Braids
Guernsey Frocks	Gentlemen's Silk Hose, 7s6 a pair
	And a Variety of other Goods.

☞ WM J. TILLEY, has also just received, a few gold spangled Tea Sets, which he will sell very cheap
Newport, Dec 2

S. T. NORTHAM.
Has for Sale.

100 Tons of Swedes' IRON assorted, imported in the Brig Stephen, from Stockholm.

1000 Bushels SALT, imported in the Brig Ann Gadsden, from St. Ubes.

A L S O,

A Quantity of Palm Oil, Camwood, and Ivory, now landing from the Brig John, Capt. Bigley, just arrived from Africa.
Newport, Nov. 11.

Stephen Bowen,
Offers for Sale at his Store on Stevens' Wharf.
2000 Bushels Liverpool SALT.
50,000 Cedar SHINGLES
Newport, Sept. 15.

NOTICE,

Is hereby given, That the Co-Partnership which existed between the Subscribers, under the Firm of

REYNOLDS & ALMY,

At Hopkinton, (R. I.) expired by its limitation on the 19th of Dec. 1816.—And on the 16th Oct. 1820, by agreement of the Subscribers, all unsettled business is to be settled by *David Almy*.
IRA REYNOLDS.
DAVID ALMY.
Hopkinton, Dec. 2, 1820.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the late Firm of JOHN WOOD & Co. are informed, that unless payment be made to the Subscriber, on or before the first day of January next, their Accounts will be put into the hands of an Attorney for Collection
SAMUEL BARKER, jun.
Newport, Dec. 2.

NEW GOODS,

Very Cheap for CASH.

Solomon Townsend,
No. 137, Thames-Street.

HAS just received a handsome Assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the present and approaching season, which he is determined to sell at the lowest rate.—Those who are desirous of purchasing cheap, are invited to call and examine for themselves.
Newport, Oct 21.

NEW GOODS,

ISAAC GOULD,
No. 176, Thames-Street,

HAS just received from New-York, a choice Assortment of best Superfine BROADCLOTHS
Surtout Cloths, very low.
Double mill'd Drab Broadcloths and stout Kerseys, for Great Coats.
Best super black, blue, Angleses, Oxford and Cobourg mixtures middling and low priced Cassimeres.
Newest fashioned fancy Vestings a very superior article.
Drab Frize, for Plain Cloaks.
One piece single mill'd Black Cassimere for Ladies Great Coats.
Superfine Black and assorted Bombazette and Rattinette
Tartan Plaids and brown Cambletts.
Rich gilt coat and Vest Buttons—Twist ditto—with every article of Trimmings in his line, as low as can be purchased in Town.
Newport, Nov. 18.

J. M'INTIRE,
Informs the Inhabitants of Newport and its vicinity.

THAT he has just received from New-York, a general Assortment of BOOKS, comprising Medical and Theological Works, the works of the most celebrated Poets, Novels, and various Miscellaneous Works.—*Also*, Blank Books, and a general assortment of Stationary.—The above he now offers for sale on reasonable terms.
Blank Books made to any pattern.—Old Books re-bound with neatness and despatch.
Newport, Nov. 25.

TO LET,



THAT pleasantly situated House in Thames-street, next north of Capt. S. T. Northam's, and lately occupied by Mrs. *Nowell*.—For terms, apply to
CHRIS. FOWLER.
Newport, Nov. 25.

TO LET,



THE Estate on the Point, lately occupied by Capt. *Thomas Dennis*, consisting of a Dwelling-House, Garden, Stable, Wharf and Stores—which will be Let together or separately as may best suit the applicants.—Apply to
W. MARCHANT.
Newport, Nov. 11.

For SALE, or To LET



THE MANSION-HOUSE, Stable, and Lote on which they are situated, belonging to the Subscriber; fronting on Thames-Street, and extending from thence east about 320 feet—bounded also on Mary-Street 60 feet, with two passage ways from said Street.
Application to be made to AUDLEY CLARKE, Esq. Newport, or to the Subscriber at Boston
WALTER CHANNING.
Newport, Oct. 1.

FOR SALE,



THREE FOURTHS of the fast-sailing Packet JAMES LAWRENCE, as she arrived from the Southward, and now lying at Banisters' wharf, about 48 Tons burthen, is well found, and an excellent sea-boat.—For terms apply to
JONATHAN T. ALMY.
Newport, Oct 25.

HAY for Sale,

20 Tons of best English HAY, for Sale by
DANIEL CHASE, jun.
Portsmouth, Dec. 2.

...th Congress.

IN SENATE, Dec. 4, 1820.

Compensation of Members.

THE Senate, according to order took up the resolution submitted by Mr. *Burrill*, on the 16th ult. to reduce the compensation of Members of Congress to six dollars a day.

Mr. Johnson, of Kentucky, observed, that he had no doubt the ultimate fate of this proposition would be indefinite postponement. As he did not, however, desire a discussion of the subject at present, he moved its postponement until the 18th inst. which was agreed to.

Constitution of Missouri.

The Senate, according to the order of the day, proceeded to the consideration of the resolution declaring the admission of the State of Missouri into the Union, on an equal footing with the original States.

Mr. Smith, of South-Carolina, (Chairman of the select committee who reported the resolution) observed that the resolution was conformable to those adopted on similar occasions heretofore, and he hoped there would be no difficulty or delay in its passage. The constitution of the new State was republican, and no objection, he presumed, could arise to it; it was unnecessary to detain the Senate with any remarks on the subject, unless any explanations were desired by gentlemen, which he would with pleasure afford, so far as he was able. He trusted the resolution would now be acted on, and the members from the new State, who had been waiting for a considerable time, be admitted to their seats in the national councils.

Mr. Eaton, of Tennessee, disclaimed any disposition to create delay on this subject; but it was proper, Mr. E. said, that the mind of every member should be satisfied on a question of so much importance, before he was called on to give his vote. His own mind, he confessed, was not satisfied; and, to obtain time for reflection, and to mature his opinion on it, he should move to postpone the resolution to a future day.

After considerable discussion, the question was taken on postponing the resolution to Wednesday, and agreed to.

The Senate then adjourned.

Tuesday, Dec 5.

Mr. Barbour, from the committee to whom was referred the petition of Matthew Lyon, made a report, stating, that the sedition law of 1798 was unconstitutional; and that the fines collected under that act ought to be restored to those from whom they were exacted.

The Report was read, and ordered to be printed

The Military Committee was instructed to report on the expediency of allowing army officers a specific sum monthly, in lieu of their present pay, rations and emoluments.

The Senate then went into the consideration of Executive business, after which they adjourned.

Wednesday, Dec 6.

Constitution of Missouri.

Mr. Barbour of Virginia, rose merely to suggest, as there was no doubt the mind of every gentleman was fully made up on the subject, that the question should be decided without consuming the time of the Senate in further debate.

Mr. Eaton, of Tenn said before the question was taken, he would ask leave to offer the following provision to the resolution:—

Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to give the assent of Congress to any provision in the constitution of Missouri, if any such there be, which contravenes that clause in the constitution of the United States, which declares that "the citizens of each state shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities in the several states."

Mr. Eaton observed, that there was a feature in the constitution of Missouri, which presented a difficulty to the minds of some gentlemen, and to his among the number. Doubts were entertained whether that constitution was not repugnant to the Constitution of the U. S.—It was to obviate difficulty on this point, by avoiding a declaration one way or the other on the questionable clause, that he offered the amendment.

Mr. King, of New-York, confessed himself at some loss how to decide on this amendment. If he voted in the affirmative, it might seem as if the Senate could pass a resolution contrary to the Constitution; if in the negative, it would declare that a clause should have no effect which could have none, and must be nugatory.—He thought a day at least should be given to consider the matter. For himself, he had asked no delay of the resolution—he was ready to vote on it, and he took this occasion to say, he had not desired the subject to be reopened in the Senate; he believed it would do no good, but, on the contrary, that the public tranquility would be promoted by deciding it quietly; the subject, he conceived, had been exhausted, & his opinion had undergone no change. He regretted that these sentiments had not been felt elsewhere, and where, he thought, they ought to have been felt.—As to the amendment, he thought a moment's delay should be allowed to examine it, and he moved its postponement, until to-morrow.

Mr. Burrill was in favor of a longer postponement, but hoped until to-morrow at least would be permitted. He too, expressed his regret that the question had been re-opened, and added a few remarks on the propriety of giving some time to consider this amendment, which was certainly of an important character.

The resolution and amendment were postponed until to-morrow—and the Senate then adjourned

Thursday, Dec. 7.

The amendment offered yesterday by Mr. Eaton, was after a long debate, rejected—Yeas 21, Nays 24.

Mr. Smith made a few remarks, to say that as it seemed to be the wish of the Senate to take the question without debate, he would not thwart that wish, although it might be expected of him, from his situation of Chairman of the committee which reported the resolution, to enter into some defence of it against the objections which had been indicated. As a member from the southern states he was ready to maintain the ground he had assumed, but would yield to the desire for a quiet decision, unless called out by gentlemen on the opposite side.

Mr. Burrill, one of the committee which reported the resolution, and from which he dissented, felt himself called upon by what had passed, as no other gentleman seemed disposed to do so, to submit some remarks in vindication of his reasons for opposing the resolution. Mr. Burrill then entered into an argument which occupied about half an hour, to establish the repugnance of the Constitution of Missouri to the Constitution of the United States—the necessity for Congress to decide on it—and the propriety of remanding the constitution to the new State for revision, &c.—When he had concluded,

Mr Smith intimated an intention of replying and moved the postponement of the subject until to-morrow, which motion was agreed to.

The Senate then went into the consideration of Executive business; after which it adjourned.

Friday, Dec. 8.

Missouri Constitution.

The subject being resumed, Mr. Smith replied to Mr Burrill, and delivered an argument of more than two hours length, in support of the unexceptionable republican character of the Constitution of Missouri, its conformity with the Constitution of the U. S. and the right of the State to admission into the Union.

On motion of Mr Holmes, of Maine, the resolution was laid on the table, until to-morrow.

The Senate then went into consideration of Executive business—and soon after adjourned.

House of Representatives,

Monday, Dec 4.

MATTHEW LYON.

A bill was reported, and read twice, for the relief of Matthew Lyon.—[This bill directs that he be paid out of the Treasury, 1060 dollars; being the amount of fine and costs, he was compelled to pay on the judgment of "Circuit Court, under the old Sedition Law," with interest from 1799.]

Commerce of the Black Sea.

Mr. Fuller, of Mass. offered for consideration the following resolution:

Resolved, That the committee on Commerce be instructed to inquire into the expediency of providing by law such means as may be necessary to obtain for the citizens of the United States the navigation of the Euxine sea and a participation of the commerce of its ports and dependencies.

Mr. Fuller explained his motives for the motion, which was to obtain permission for our vessels to pass the Dardanelles, to carry on trade in the Euxine; as at present all our commerce with Turkey, &c. was carried on through Smyrna

Mr. Stevens, of Conn. was desirous of knowing what the cost of the project would be; and Mr. Rhea suggested the expediency of moving at once to request the Executive to send a Minister to Turkey

Mr F's motion was agreed to.

African Slave Trade

On motion of Mr. Mercer, a committee was appointed to request the President to lay before this House any correspondence that he does not deem it inexpedient to disclose, which may have existed between the Executive of the United States and the governments of any of the maritime powers of Europe, in relation to the African slave trade.

Mr. Eustis, of Mass. moved, That the committee on Pensions and Revolutionary claims be instructed to report on the expediency of providing by law, that from and after the 4th day of March next ensuing, no officer, soldier, seamen, marine, or other person whatsoever shall be placed on the pension list of the United States except by virtue of a law in which the name of the pensioner shall be inserted, together with the amount of pension to which he shall be entitled

The annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury, was received, read, and 3000 copies ordered to be printed

Adjourned

Tuesday, Dec. 5

On motion of Mr. Hopkins, information was requested, of the Army Expenditures, from 1816, to 1820, including the estimates for 1821, with such explanations as will make the statement clear and explicit.

On motion of Mr. Chenoa, information was directed to be given the House of the expenditures on the West-Point Military Academy, from its establishment to the present time, in all its branches, with numerous other particulars respecting it.

A list of the Postmasters and Mail Contractors, with their compensations, was received from the Post-Master General. Ordered to be printed.

Election Districts.

The Resolution proposing so to amend the Constitution of the United States as to provide that the Electors of President, &c. and Representatives to Congress, shall be chosen in uniform districts, was taken up It was opposed by Messrs Reid, of G. Barbour, of V and Rhea, of T. and was advocated by Messrs. Smith, of N. C and Lowndes, of S. C. and passed to be engrossed:—For the resolution, 103—against it. 59

It was stated, that as two-thirds of the members had not voted for the resolution, it was rejected; but the Speaker decided, that two-thirds of the vote were only required on its final passage. No appeal was made from this decision; and the resolution was ordered to have a third reading to-morrow.

Wednesday Dec. 6.

Navy Discipline.

A motion of Mr Foot, for an inquiry into the expediency of prohibiting corporal punishment in the Navy, and to punish naval officers or seamen who shall send or accept challenges, &c was laid on the table.

Numerous private motions were acted on

The resolution respecting the choice of Electors, &c in districts, was, after debate, postponed to Monday next.

State of Missouri

The House went into committee, on the Bill for admitting Missouri into the Union

Mr. Lowndes occupied the residue of the day, in support of the bill, when, on motion of Mr Sargeant, the committee rose, and the House Adj-

Thursday, Dec 7.

Mr. Cobb, gave notice of his intention, as soon as the question under consideration in committee of the whole should be finally disposed of, to call for the consideration of his propositions contemplating a retrenchment of the expenses of government.

Missouri.

The House resolved itself in to committee of the whole. Mr Nelson of Virg. in the chair, on the Resolution declaring the admission of Missouri into the Union on an equal footing with the other States. The question being stated Mr. Sergeant rose, and in a speech occupying upwards of two hours time, asserted it to be the right and bounden duty of Congress, to prohibit the admission of new States into the Union whose Constitution is repugnant to any provision of the Constitution of the United States, and contended that such was the case with the Constitution of Missouri, it forbidding the enjoyment of citizenship by free blacks from the other States, and ought not to be recognised.

On motion of Mr. Storrs, the committee rose, and the House adjourned.

Friday, Dec 8

Missouri Constitution.

Mr Storrs, of New-York, addressed the House in a speech of about an hour's length, during which he assigned many strong reasons for opposing the Resolution.

Mr. P. Barbour, of Virginia, was in favour of the Resolution, and delivered an argument, to that effect, of considerable length.

After a few remarks, from several gentlemen, signifying their intention to speak on the subject, but who at present declined taking the floor, among whom were Messrs Smyth and Archer, from Virginia, the House agreed to a motion for laying the Resolution on the table; when the House adjourned

By the Mails.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 9.

Latest from England,

THE fast-sailing Brig Chatsworth, Capt Rogers, arrived here yesterday in 34 days from Gravesend, and 30 from the Downs.—Capt. Rogers left London on the evening of the 28th of October, but does not bring papers later than the 24th Oct.—We have been favored with the London Observer of the 22d and 23d, and the Sun of Oct 24th.—These papers are entirely filled with the trial of the Queen;—and we observe in the latter paper, that the evidence on the part of her Majesty had closed on that day

On the day that Capt Rogers left London, (Oct. 28th) he informs us it was reported, *that the Bill of Pains and Penalties had been* REJECTED *in the House of Lords.*

The witnesses whose examination is published in London Observer, are

Sir John Beresford, Rear admiral in the navy—Filippo Pomi, a carpenter—Pompilio Pomati, clerk to the professional agent of her majesty at Milan—Sconfiglio Pomati—Antonio Mocni—Rumarigo Salvadore, professor of languages—Col. Alexander Oliviera—and the Chevalier Carlo Vassali. The testimony of all these witnesses is favorable to the Queen, and that of the latter particularly so, as going to disprove some of the most important parts of the opposite testimony. The following is a short extract from the Chevalier's account of Bergami:—

"Bergami was received at the tables of families of distinction in the neighbourhood of Pesaro. I was with the Princess at Munich. I remember when her royal highness and suite dined with the king of Bavaria. Bergami dined at the king's table. I saw civilities passing between the king of Bavaria and Bergami. He treated Bergami with the greatest affability.—Bergami after this received a present from the king. It was a gold snuff-box, surrounded with brilliants. The man who brought it to Milan, shewed it to me beforehand. He afterwards told me he delivered it to Bergami, and I afterwards saw it in the possession of Bergami."

The testimony of Col. Oliviera, a col. in the French army, was very important The witness deposed in substance, that he was with the Queen during all her abode at Rome, and that she was there visited by personages of the first distinction in that capital

In answer to questions as to the general conduct, demeanor, and intercourse of the Queen, he further deposed, that he had never beheld any thing in the conduct of the Queen, indecorous or improper—that her treatment to her servants was uniformly affable, but dignified—and that the demeanor of Bergami towards her Royal Highness, was such as became a servant, respectful towards his mistress. This witness also deposed to the important point of the Countess of Oldi's being in the carriage with the Princess of Wales, the child Victorine, and Bergami, during the journey from Rome to Pisinagalia. This was the journey to which Sacchi's indecent evidence refers Col Oliviera also affirms, that Carlo Forti was the courier who attended the Princess on that journey, and not Sacchi.

The Times of Oct 23d, says,—"For our own part, we do not know what it is that the Counsel for the Queen wish to prove farther. They have shaken the evidence against her Majesty root and branch—It is now only necessary to mention the names of those who have been brought to swear against her, to excite the ridicule and contempt of the whole kingdom. Demont, Majocchi, Sacchi, are sounds become proverbial among us for falsehood and vileness."

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

TUESDAY, OCT. 17.

THE QUEEN.

Mr. Brogden reported the result of the search of the Committee appointed to search the Lords' journals, as to their proceedings on the Bill of Pains and Penalties.

Lord Castlereagh moved, that the house, at its rising, should adjourn to Thursday, the 23d of November.

Mr. Tierney thought the adjournment proposed, much too long.—He was surprised to find, that in proportion as the progress of the other house increased, the noble lord should have felt it necessary to extend the period of their adjournment; when it was considered that the other house had already published 980 pages of evidence, he thought there was a greater probability of a termination to their labours than when they last met.

Lord Castlereagh, in explanation, said he thought the period proposed for adjournment, was no more than sufficient to enable the House of Lords to get through the bill, and to give due notice to the members of that house, in the event of the bill being passed, to enable them to attend the call.

Sir Wm. De Crespigny hoped the noble lord moved so long an adjournment in the expectation that they would be enabled to get rid of the bill *in toto*

Mr. Creevey said, that when the trial began, if trial it could be called, it was the trial of the Queen—but within the two last days, it had become the trial of a conspiracy by the government of the country, against the Queen.—As far as the trial had gone, it was impossible to look at it not only with abhorrence, but with contempt—He did not believe that there was one word of truth in all that the miserable Italians had been bribed and persuaded to swear.—It was stated that the Queen had violated her duty to the king, but what duty did she owe to one who, under his own hand, had confessed that he had turned her out of doors.—That she owed allegiance to the king as his subject, was not to be disputed, but that she owed duty to the king, Mr. C. most strenuously denied, nor would he be any party to try her for a supposed breach of it. For himself he felt a perfect horror at the bare notion of it; nor was his shame less, that while such a topic was presented, the private convenience of the members had this night been the only subject of discussion.

Mr. Tierney explained, and said, that he felt as warmly as any man the constitutional objections to the bill of pains and penalties.

The adjournment to the 23d of Nov. was then carried without a division.

The Mercury.

NEWPORT,

Saturday, Dec. 16, 1820.

LATE FROM ENGLAND.

The Brig Chatsworth, Capt. Rogers, arrived at Baltimore on Saturday last, in 36 days from England, bringing London papers to Oct. 24th, several days latest—extracts from them will be found in our preceding columns.

The evidence on the part of the Queen closed on the 24th of October—and Capt. R. informs, that it was reported the day he sailed, (Oct. 28th) that the Bill of Pains and Penalties against the Qven had been REJECTED. Indeed from the testimony produced on the part of the Queen, it would appear that the House of Lords must come to this decision of the bill.

Addresses from all parts of the realm continued to be presented to the Queen.

The last London paper states, that the Spanish Cortes had ceded the Floridas to the United States.

The Emperor of Russia has ordered a new levy of four men from every 500, amounting to 96,000.

According to accounts from Vienna, the interview of the Sovereigns was to take place on the 28th Oct.

The accounts of the revolutionary proceedings in Portugal, had excited extraordinary sensations in Vienna.—The archduchess Leopoldina having married the crown Prince of Portugal, is destined to become queen of that kingdom.

NEWS EXPECTED.

By the Packet Venus, which arrived here last evening in 24 hours from New-York, we learn, that at the time of their sailing on Thursday, the Packet ship James Monroe arrived there from Liverpool.—This ship will bring dates from England at least ten dates later than those received at Baltimore.

By the Venus we were favoured with New-York papers of Thursday last.

CONGRESS.

By a reference to our Congressional journal, it will be seen, that both Houses at the last dates were debating with exemplary decorum and forbearance, the resolution for the admission of Missouri into the Union.

In the Senate, on Thursday, Mr. BURRILL commenced the debate, in opposition to the admission of Missouri with her present constitution, as being repugnant to the Constitution of the United States.—We regret that our limits will not permit us to give this excellent Speech to our readers, this day.—When Mr. Burrill rose to state his objections to the passage of the bill, he found his surtout entangled by his chair, and was so long detained by the embarrassment, that the Secretary had begun to call the yeas and nays, and one gentleman had actually answered. Mr. Burrill apologised to the President for not rising sooner, by stating the embarrassment, when Mr. Barbour, of Virginia, jocularly observed across the House, that the gentleman ought to regard it as an omen of defeat, and yield to it accordingly; to which Mr. Burrill replied, "*I fear no omen in my country's cause.*"

"FROM WASHINGTON, DEC. 10.

"The resolution for the admission of Missouri into the Union, I am confident will be rejected in the House. It is probable it will pass the Senate, but by what majority is yet uncertain. Yesterday in the Senate, Mr. Holmes, of Maine, spoke in favour, and Mr. Otis against the resolution. In the House, Gen. Alexander Smyth in favor, and Mr. Strong of New-York, against it.

"It is uncertain when the main question will be taken; it however will probably be done in two or three days."

The National Intelligencer says,—"It is highly gratifying to see the decorum, temper and forbearance, with which the Debate has commenced in the House of Representatives, on the long-dreaded question respecting the admission of Missouri into the Union. We hope it will continue to the end."

The General Government have adjusted the State of Maryland's claim for expenses during the late war, to the amount of $93,000

During the ravages of the pestilence at Savannah, more than *five hundred* persons, including eight physicians, were interred in that city.

Sixty-one Pews in St. Paul's Church Boston, sold on the 29th ult. for 34,000 dollars.

UNITED STATES BANK.

The National Intelligencer of Monday last says,—" A document was on Saturday transmitted to the House of Representatives, in obedience to a resolution of that House, which will be of particular interest to many of our readers, and is so far of general interest, as the country is interested in the stability of the Bank of the United States, and as it has been and will be a source of revenue to the United States, though a very unprofitable concern, so far, for those who thought themselves fortunate in subscribing for the stock at its par value. It is the return made to the Treasury Department, of the general statement of the Bank and its branches, for November last, being the latest received. The following is leading features of the return.

The total amount of bills and notes discounted at the Bank and its Offices, is $28.921,389. The Bills of Exchange foreign and domestic, are stated at $1,135,757.

The amount of funded debt of the *U. S.* (various) belonging to the Bank, is $9,157,604 besides $278,000 of Louisiana stock.

The amount of specie on hand is very large, being $6,051,499, besides 671,000 dollars in a course of remittance or transmission.

The amount of Bank and Branch Notes is stated at $11,621,380; the amount thereof on hand, at $3,295,932—leaving for the amount of notes in circulation the difference between these two sums.

From the National Intelligencer.

The Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury, was yesterday transmitted to both Houses of Congress. It is of greater length than usual; and, as it will be the ground work of the fiscal arrangements of the present session, has been looked for with much interest.

The receipts into the Treasury for the present year (including monies received in loans) are stated at $16,819,637

The payments made into the Treasury during the fourth quarter, from the same sources, are estimated at 3,430,000 dollars: making the total estimated revenue of the present year, 20,249 637 which added to the balance in the Treasury on the 1st day of January last, amounting to 2.076 607, makes the aggregate amount of 22.326,244 dollars. The expenditures for the same period are estimated at 24 964,413.

There will therefore, according to this estimate, be a balance against the Treasury, on the 1st day of next month of 2 638,169 dollars—the receipts from the customs having fallen greatly short of the amount at which they were estimated in the last annual report

Of the expenditures of this year, it is estimated that there has been and will be paid, of the principal and interest of the public debt, 10,740,000 dollars, being more than two fifths of whole current expense of the year.

The Revenue for 1821 is estimated 16 550,000, dollars and the certain and contingent expenditures at 21.368,417 dollars which, added to the balance against the Treasury on the 1st of January next, will make the sum of 24 001,586, and consequently leave a balance of 7 451.586 dollars beyond the estimated means for which provision is to be made."

We are free to confess that this is not as favourable a view of the state of the Treasury as we had anticipated; but it is such an one as leaves no room for despondency, and involves no perplexing considerations The public debt has been lessened, during the past year, by redemptions and purchases, more than it has been increased by loans and by the anticipated balance against the Treasury on the 1st of January next. The same may be said of the calculations for the next year; that the sum to be borrowed for the use of that year will be less than the amount of principal of the public debt which will be paid off within the same time.

For future years, the prospects are encouraging, the calculation being that the annual revenue will, for several years after 1821, exceed the annual expenditure.

Mr. Secretary Crawford, therefore, suggests that it is not necessary at present to resort to additional objects of taxation with a view to revenue, and urges several dissuasives, which our readers in due time shall have the pleasure of reading. Loans for occasional wants be considers as preferable. But, should Congress propose a system of taxation a loan for the service of the next year to the amount of the estimated deficiency of the Revenue, will yet be indispensable, and may be obtained on eligible terms.

Mr. Taylor.

A writer in the National Intelligencer concludes an article relative to the new Speaker in Congress, as follows:—" The Committees appointed have been selected with impartiality The course which he has so far pursued is calculated to fulfil the just expectations of his friends, and to secure the confidence of those who opposed him."

Later from South-America.

Accounts from St. Thomas as late to the 19th of Nov. give some further particulars of operations of the Patriots. Intelligence had been received at Juan Margaritta, dated Nov. 10th, which states that Monagas occupied Barcelona and that the Royalist occupy in the provinces of Barcelona and Cumana, only the latter city. Carupano and Cariaco.

A letter dated 30th Oct at Margaritta says, that Gen. Undanetta had defeated the Spanish Gen. La Torre, and took possession of San Carlos. La Torre retreated to Valencia. Gen. Paez had beaten Morales, and entered Calaboza. The Independents had been very successful.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

The Legislature of Pennsylvania met on Tuesday week at Harrisburg, and after balloting nine times, succeeded in electing John Gilmore, Esq. for their Speaker Mr Gilmore (says the Democratic Press) is a federalist, and it is twenty years since a federalist has been speaker of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania A bill was introduced into the Senate to reduce the salary of the Governor to 3000 dollars and the Secretary of the commonwealth to 1500, dollars and the daily pay of the members of the legislature to 3 dollars.

Census of Boston.

The Marshal has not yet received an actual return, but says the number of inhabitants in the different wards of the town, and in the islands of the harbor, will not greatly vary from 42 732 Chelsea, contains 618. By the last Census, Boston contained 33.250.

Matthew Lyon.

In the the case of Col Matthew Lyon there is a curious fact in the report of a committee of the senate, which is, that the fine levied on the Colonel under the sedition act, was never paid into the National Treasury!

The citizens of Natchez are so highly gratified with the Treaty lately concluded with the Choctaw Indians, that they have held a publick meeting—passed a vote of thanks to Generals Jackson and Hinds, our Commissioners, and invited the latter to a publick dinner.

Almost incredible, and yet true.—We were among a number, who, yesterday, went on board the British schooner Parker, Captain Dunn, from Jamaica, to see the Sword of a Sword Fish. This sword appears about nine inches clear of the ceiling of the vessel, in the bilge, having penetrated through a four inch plank and sheathing, passing between the timbers and through the ceiling. Had it gone two inches farther, would have penetrated a hogshead of rum. We understand Mr Scudder, of the Museum, is to be at the expence of cutting the plank and ceiling through which the sword passes for the purpose of exhibiting the whole as a proof of the wonderful and almost incredible power of the Sword Fish It is probable the fish was attached to the vessel for several days, which protracted her passage to 38 days from Falmouth.

N. Y. Gazette.

Jacob B Comegys, of Philadelphia, has been appointed, by the President of the United States, Commercial Agent at Trinidad in the Island of Cuba.

Gen. Floyd, of New York, one of the Electors of President and Vice President of the United States, being unable to attend, sent a letter to the electoral college, stating this circumstance. On comparing the signature of this letter, with the Declaration of Independence (a period of 44 years) a remarkable similarity appeared, such as would instantly be recognized.

The State of Georgia, derives an annual income of from between 70 and 80,000 dollars, from bank stock owned in the different banking institutions of that state.

Married,

At Providence on Sunday evening last, Capt. JAMES WELLS, of Hopkinton, to Mrs. NANCY LOVE, widow of Mr. Benjamin Love, of this town.

At Tiverton, by the Rev. Mr. Colman, Mr. JOHN DURFEE to Miss NANCY HART.

In this town on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Dunn. Mr. RICHARD HOPPIN, of Providence, to Miss SARAH ANN PRATT, daughter of the late Mr Thomas Pratt of this town.

Died,

At the Bay of St. Louis, ABRAHAM R. ELLERY, Esq of New-Orleans—a native of this town.

At Providence on Wednesday last, Mr. PETER PITMAN, in the 36th year of his age.

In this town on the 7th inst. Mr. DAVID BRAYMAN, in the 75th year of his age—and within one hour after, his sister, Mrs. LUCRETIA GREENMAN, relict of Mr. Job Greenman, aged 88 years.

On Saturday last, Mr. WOODMAN BELLAMY, in the 80th year of his age

On Sunday, Mrs. ELIZABETH MELVILLE, widow of Mr. Thomas Melville, aged XCIII years.

WEEKLY ALMANACK.

1820. December.		Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	High water.	Moon sets.
16	*Saturday,*	7 31	4 29	5 4	4 11
17	*Sunday,*	7 31	4 29	6 1	5 28
18	*Monday,*	7 32	4 28	7 0	6 38
19	*Tuesday,*	7 32	4 28	7 58	rises.
20	*Wednesday*	7 32	4 28	8 56	5 23
21	*Thursday,*	7 32	4 28	9 58	6 30
22	*Friday,*	7 32	4 28	10 38	7 35

Full Moon 19th day, 11h. 20 min. in the Morning.

Marine List,

Port of Newport.

Dec 16, 1820.

ENTERED,

Brig Amstel, Seabury, Philadelphia

Sloop Endeavour, Dennis, Norfolk

CLEARED.

British brig Aurora, Milne, New-York

Sloop Agent, Bliven, ditto

No foreign arrivals at this port, since our last

Schooner Kennebec Trader, Gale, has arrived at the Baltic in 30 days from this port.

At Savannah Nov. 30th, Sloop Hero, in 10 days from this port.

At Darien, sch'r Mary, Brightman, 11 days from this port.

School-Books, Paper, &c.

Wm. & J. H. Barber,

No. 133, Thames-Street,

Have just received and for Sale.

MURRAY's and Alden's Spelling-Books; Geographies; Arithmetics; Dictionaries; Grammars, &c.—Also, Writing Paper of all kinds, Quills, Slates, Pencils, &c. &c.

Farmer's and Bickerstaff's Almanacks for 1821.

Log Paper, and Seamen's Journals.

Blank Account Books of all kinds, at reduced prices.

School-Masters and others, furnished with School-Books and Stationary, on the most reasonable terms.

Dec. 16, 1820.

FRESH FLOUR.

Edward Stanhope,

Has for Sale at his Store, No. 15, Broad-street.

100 bbls. Superfine Flour

75 Barrels scratch'd Ditto.—*ALSO,* Buck-Wheat Flour by the Barrel.

Newport, Dec 16.

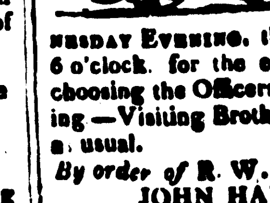
Dupont's POWDER.

20 Casks of Dupont's best POWDER, just received and for Sale by

WILLIAM CROOKE.

Newport, Nov. 25.

St. John's Lodge, No. 1.



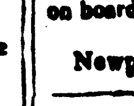
THE Members of ST JOHN'S LODGE, No. 1, Newport, are respectfully invited to attend at their Lodge Room on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 27th instant, at 6 o'clock, for the express purpose of choosing the Officers for the year ensuing.—Visiting Brothers will be admitted as usual.

By order of R. W. M. JOHN L. BOSS

JOHN HANDY *Secretary.*

Newport, Dec. 8, 1820.

For New-Orleans,

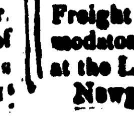


THE Ship WILLIAM, ROBERT CARTER, Master, will sail on or about the 25th inst.—For Freight or Passage apply to the Master on board at Stevens's Wharf, or to

A. & G. TILLEY.

Newport, Dec. 16.

For Charleston & Savanah



THE New and well-built Packet Sloop EXPRESS, CHARLES E. HAMMETT, Master, will sail in the course of 10 or 12 days.—For Freight or Passage, having good accommodations, apply to the Master on board at the Long-Wharf.

Newport, Dec, 2.

LIST OF LETTERS,

Remaining in the Post-Office, Newport, R. I. Dec. 16, 1820.

☞ Those who apply for Letters in the List will say they are advertised.

ALBRO St. C.
Armstrong Peter
Arnold Isaac
Aylsworth Thomas
Alger Martha
Andrews P.
Baring Charles
Bennett B. & Ed.
Ballow Samuel C.
Brooman David
Browning Elisab.
Brown Mrs. Eliz
Barker Justin H.
Brown Francis
Beebe Stanton
Brown & Tillee
Browning Margar.
Chace Benjamin
Chapin Daniel D.
Chace Jane
Cozzens Charles
Cozzens Robert
Channing W. 2 lt.
Dennis Thomas
Deane James
Durfee Lucinda
Fuller James
Fish Abby 2 let.
Gibbs & Channing
Gardner Camp. N.
Gibbs Capt. Rob.
Goodspeed Sol
Green John
Gibbs Capt G. 2
Harvey Phebe
Hammond James
Hazard Nath.
Hazer Unice
Hoxsie Sarah
Hazard Rowland
Hyer Rebecca
Hazard Arnold
Hazard Jeremiah
Harris Marey M.
Handy Miss Ann
Irish Phebe
Jaukey Amor
Kelby Lautan
Kennedy Harriet
Lawton John
Layley Capt Ed.
Luther Seth
Lawton Anna
Lloyd William
Lasell Mrs. H.
Leonard Barney
Mitchell Peter
Marble Philip
Manchester Fran.
Mason Elizabeth
Mason Phebe
Nowell Catherine
Neil Mary
Pearse Eliz 2 lt.
Potter Samuel
Potter Mr.
Pratt Capt. E. L.
Palmer Gideon
Rogers Sarah
Rotonio Marshal
Rawling Stephen
Real de Rafe R
Rhodes & Cahoone
Smith T.
Steven Robert jun.
Swan Frederick
Spywood Geo. A.
Strong Capt. A.
Smith Richard
Savery Thomas
Smith Mrs.
Sisson Catherine.
Sinclair Hannah
Scott William
Smith Polly
Smith Elisha
Stevens John W
Tew Joseph & Co.
Tallman Hannah
Thompson Clarisa
Thomas Dr. F. A.
Tisdale Allen
Taft Sarah
Thorndike Oan
Usher Miss R E.
Vernon W. H.
Williamson Peter
Willson Wm. T.
Winslow Ebenezer
Weeden Lydia
Weaver Sarah
Woodward Eliz.
White Deborah H.
Weaver Job V
Westenea le Chev.
Wadkinson John

Middletown.

Allen John
Bailey William
Coggeshall Joseph
Gould James
Manchester Tho.
Manchester Giles
Peckham Daniel
Peckham Sophia
Peckham Sam. S.
Peabody John
Rogers Joseph
Smith George
Wightman Oliver

New-Shoreham.

Briggs Barton
Franklin Niobe
Littlefield Harriet
Milliken Mary M
Sands Phebe

Army.

Davis David L.
Kennedy Moses
Mac Koy Neal
Porter Rufus

☞ The above Letters will be sent to the General Post-Office, unless immediately taken up.

No article delivered out of the Office on Sundays, or after it is shut in the Evening.

B. B. MUMFORD. *Post-Master,*

Boots and Shoes.

DAVID RODMAN,

No. 136, Thames-Street, nearly opposite the Sign of the Eagle.

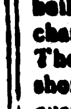
Respectfully informs his Friends and the public,

THAT in addition to his general Assortment of BOOTS & SHOES, he has for Sale, a quantity of Bootees & Walking Shoes, at very reduced prices; some as low as 6s and 4s6 a pair.—Also sole and neats Leather, calf-skins, black and coloured morocco & kid, binding skins, imported Shoe-thread, (very superior); webbing, shoe ribbon, cord, ferret, best liquid blacking, &c. &c

The Boot and Shoe making business attended to as usual in all its variety

Newport, 16th of 12th mo. 1820.

FARM for Sale,



THE Subscriber offers for Sale his FARM in Portsmouth, pleasantly situated on the west road leading to Bristol Ferry, and 5 miles from Newport, containing 78 acres of Land, with a large well finished Dwelling-House, and all other necessary out-buildings thereon; three acres of orchard, and an excellent well of water—The Farm extends from the road to the shore, where may be had a considerable quantity of sea manure.—Any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms by applying to the Subscriber on the premises.

JOHN WEEDEN.

Portsmouth, 15th of 12th mo. 1820.

NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby cautioned and desired, not to purchase or receive any Note or Notes signed by me, in favour of *Isaac V. Burdick,* intending that the same, together with other business with said Burdick, shall be a subject of legal investigation.

WM. SCOTT, jun.

Newport, Dec. 14.

AUCTIONS.

Real Estate at Auction,

On WEDNESDAY, Jan. 3, 1821

At XI o'clock A. M. (if fair, if not the first fair day) will be Sold at Auction without reserve.



THE House, Stores and Lot, No. 109, Thames-street.—The Lot extends from Thames-Street to the Harbor.—*Immediately after,* The House and Lot in Clarke-Street, now occupied by J. C. SHAW, Esq.—Conditions at the Sale.

CHRIS. RHODES, *Auc'r.*

Newport, Dec 16.

TO LET, at Public Auction,

On MONDAY. Jan. 8th, 1821,

At X o'clock A. M on the Premises, for the Term of One Year, and possession given on the 22d of January.

THE Dwelling-House, &c now occupied by Mr. *Henry Howland,* situated in Spring-street.—Conditions made known at the time and place.

WM LOVIE, *Auc'r.*

Newport, Dec 9.

Books & Stationary.

J. M'INTIRE,

No. 119, Thames-Street,

Has just received, and offers for Sale,

THE ABBOT, 2 vols.	$1 75
Monastery, 2 vols.	1 75
Mystery, 2 vols.	1 75
Tales of the Heart, by Mrs. Opie	2 00
Tales of the Priory, Mrs. Holland	2 00
Evening Tales by J. Hogg, 2 v	1 75
Munster Cottage Boy, 2 vols.	2 00
Country Neighbours, 2 vols.	2 00
Letters on the Eastern States,	1 25
Daly's Lectures on Agriculture	1 25
Curran's Life, by his son,	2 00
Moore's Melodies,	1 00
Peter's Letters,	3 00
Phillips's Speeches,	1 50
Conversations on Pol. Economy,	1 25
Hermit in London, 2 vols.	1 50
Family Mansion,	75

ALSO,

A general Assortment of Bibles, Testaments, Prayer Books, School-Books, Blank Books and Stationary.

Newport, Dec. 9.

Information Wanted,

ON the 9th of May last, my Son, NOAH CLARKE, shipped on board the Sloop Washington, of this place, as Cook, for a short Voyage to the Southward, of 5 or 6 weeks—*Benedict Andress* was Master of said Sloop, and *John Strange,* jun. Mate. Sometime bout the 1st of October last the Sloop arrived at New-York, and discharged her cargo at Brooklyn—The Captain and Mate say, that while lying at Brooklyn, on the 9th of Oct last, my Son ran away from the Vessel.—But circumstances which have since come to my knowledge, lead me to fear that he was made way with.

The Boy was about 15 years old—rather small of his age—had light blue eyes, light complexion, light hair, and a scar on his forehead—He had a good School Education, and was acquainted with Arithmetic and English Grammar. If he had ran away, he must have been scantily clothed.—Any Person who can give any information respecting said Boy, will confer a great favour on his afflicted Parents, by directing a letter to me at Assonet (Mass)

RICHARD CLARKE.

Freetown, (Mass) Nov. 25, 1820.

INSTRUCTION.

Boarding and Day School,

Mrs, JEWETT,

Respectfully informs the Public;

THAT she proposes opening a SCHOOL at her House, corner of Coddington and Thames-Street, for the instruction of Young Ladies in the useful and ornamental branches of Education, viz:—Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, history, composition, orthography music, painting and needle work, in all its variety. Particular attention will be paid to their morals and general deportment.

Parents in the country who may feel disposed the present Season for the Education of their Daughters, and shall patronize Mrs. J's establishment, can answer one half of the expence in the produce of their Farms. Terms of Board and Instruction, which will be easy, submitted on application—School to commence on MONDAY, Jan. 1, 1821.

Mrs. JEWETT will also at the same time and place, open an EVENING SCHOOL, for the instruction of Young Ladies in Reading, Writing and Arithmetic—Terms moderate.

Newport, Dec. 16.

POETRY.

From the New Monthly Magazine.

THE EVENING HOUR.

THIS is the hour when memory wakes
Visions of joy that could not last.
This is the hour when fancy takes
A survey of the past!

She brings before the pensive mind
The hallow'd scenes of earlier years;
And friends who long have been consign'd
To silence and to tears!

The few we liked—the *one* we *loved*—
A sacred band! come stealing on!
And many a form far hence remov'd,
And many a pleasure gone!

Friendships that now in death are hush'd,
And young affection's broken chain;
And hopes that fate too quickly crush'd,
In memory bloom again!

Few watch the fading gleams of day,
But muse on hopes as quickly flown!
Tint after tint, they died away,
Till *all* at last were gone!

This is the hour when fancy wreathes
Her spells round joys that could not last;
This is the hour when memory breathes
A sigh to pleasure past.

SONNET TO WINTER.

BY BARNARD BARTON.

THOU hast thy beauties, sterner ones, I own,
Than those of thy precursors; yet to thee
Belong the charms of solemn majesty
And naked grandeur. Awful is the tone
Of thy tempestuous nights, when clouds are blown
By hurrying winds across the troubled sky;
Pensive, when softer breezes faintly sigh
Through leafless boughs, with ivy overgrown
Thou hast thy decorations, too, although
Thou art austere; thy studded mantle, gay,
With icy brilliants, which as proudly glow
As ever Golconda's, and thy pure array
Of crystal ermine, when the drifted snow
Envelopes nature; till her features seem
Like pale, but lovely ones, seen when we dream.

Saturday's Monitor.

"*Time and chance happeneth to all*"
ECCLES IX. 11.

This was the observation of one of the wisest men. But he did not consider it as a truth. He knew better; he knew that time and chance happen to none; but that all things are under the direction of a wise and good Providence.—This he sufficiently testifies in other parts of his discourse.—But why should he make a remark so foreign to the truth? He speaks merely to the common opinion of the world. Though time and chance happen to none, yet every thing has the appearance of time and chance happening to all.—But still how comes it, that in a world of order, every thing bears the appearance of disorder? and that time and chance should have the appearance of governing, what is, in fact, under the most exact mode of government?

This is a question not very difficult to decide.—A state of trial must be a state of uncertainty. If every thing happened in order, if the battle was always to the strong, riches the reward of virtue, and poverty the punishment of vice, this world would be a state of retribution, not of trial.—Uncertainty, therefore, is one mean of making it a state of trial; it throws out to us this grand lesson, in our passage through life, that we must depend on God—not on ourselves, nor on any thing which the world presents to us.—Besides, a state of uncertainty puts the whole world in motion. If every one was confined in his expectations, the life of man would stagnate. But the uncertainty of things sets all adventurers at work, calls up a variety of exertions and opens a field for various virtues and vices, in which human nature is put to many a severe trial. Industry, prudence and other virtues, are often encouraged, and are indeed the best means of insuring success; but they often fail, while the vices in opposition to them, succeed.—So that the idea of uncertainty in all worldly affairs, is still kept up; and of course this world is considered not as a state of retribution, but as a state of trial.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of
BENJAMIN CHASE.
late of Portsmouth deceased, are requested to present them to the Subscriber, and all those indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment to
ABNER CHASE, *Executor.*
Portsmouth, Nov. 27, 1820.

NEW GOODS.

John F. Townsend,

At his Store, Corner of Thames and Mary-streets.

Offers for Sale, at the most reasonable prices.

A GREAT Variety of New and Seasonable GOODS, such as Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Pelisse Cloths, fine drab and brown Coatings; Vestings; scarlet Kerseys; Duffils; Flannels and Blankets; wide and narrow Bombazets; Canton and Nankin Crapes; mourning Calicoes and Ginghams; a beautiful assortment of Calicoes and printed Cambricks; embossed and plain Bombazets; white Sattin; green twilled Lustrings; Pelisse Silks; black beaver Gloves; lined beaver, and long white kid ditto; Cotton and Linen Table cloths, very good English cotton Shirtings; stout olive Velvets; a good assortment of worsted Hosiery, among which is ladies fine white do; fine linen Cambric; Hearth Rugs; Floor Carpeting, &c. &c

A L S O,

A handsome Assortment of Cassimere and Imitation Merino SHAWLS.

Cotton Factory Goods, of the best quality, such as Shirtings, Sheetings Checks, Plaids, Bedticking; with warp and filling, constantly for Sale.

Newport, Nov. 4.

GROCERIES.

Sign of the Eagle,

No. 187, Thames-Street.

HAS Constantly for Sale, a great Variety of STOVES.—*Also.* Sheet Iron, Stove Pipes, and utensils for Cooking Stoves.—*And as usual,* An extensive Assortment of

Hardware & Cutlery

Newport, Oct. 14. 8w

Henry Gardiner & Co.

At the head of Channing's Wharf

Offers for Sale on reasonable terms.

THIRTY Hogsheads first quality 5th proof Jamaica RUM, pure as imported.

300 Barrels Mackrel, No. 1, 2 & 3.

50 Hhds. first quality Retailing MOLASSES.

30 Boxes Havanna Brown Sugar.

30 Hhds. New Rum.

New-York and Alexandria Flour.

Beef and Pork.

200 M. merchantable Pine Boards, of the first quality.

20 M. Clear Boards—200 Shooks

30 M. Pine and Spruce Timber.

Pine and Cedar Shingles

10 M. Clapboards.

50 M. feet assorted pine and Spruce Joist.

A L S O,

A general Assortment of GROCERIES, by wholesale and retail.

Newport, Sept. 11.

Hardware, Cutlery, Ship-Chandlery, &c.

W. H. RATHBONE,

Offers for Sale at his Store, head of Pocket Wharf,

QUADRANTS, double and single observation; Brass and Wood compasses; Spy Glasses; cases of Mathematical instruments; parallel rules scales and Dividers; Navigators and Coast Pilots; Charts; patent half-hour Glasses; Log glasses; Bunting and ships colours; quills writing letter & log paper; ink-powder; cordage of all sizes; twine; house cabin, paint and scrub brushes; brooms; cabin mops; log reels and chips; deep sea and hand leads; hand pumps; serving mallets; blocks and hanks; japan lamps and feeders; horn and tin lantorns; knives and forks; hinges of all kinds; screws; brass and iron latches; locks, coffee mills, jack and pen knives, spoons cooks ladles and tormentors; axes hatches hammers japan and tin trumpets, chisels, augers, files, saws, harpoon and grains fish hooks, sail needles & palms, leather, sheathing paper, caulking irons and mallets; marlin spikes; iron shovels, ship's scrapers, gimblets, pump & clapper nails, slates and pencils, spanish brown, red lead; tin, iron and stone ware; patent deck lights; brass pump boxes; wrought and cut nails; brads & tacks of all sizes: tile, glue, chalk; brimstone, lampblack, oars, handspikes Tar, Pitch, Turpentine and Rosin; oakum, with a full assortment of every article usually called for in a Hardware and Ship Chandlery Store.

☞ Persons wishing Quadrants and Compasses repaired, can leave them at the above Store, where they will be attended to.

Newport, June 10

TO LET,

THAT convenient and pleasantly situated Dwelling-House in Howard-Street, lately improved by *John H Wheelwright*.—For terms, apply to
HARRIET MOORE, or
SAMUEL WHITEHORNE.
Newport, Oct. 14.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office at Morgan's Exchange Coffee House, Hartford, (Connecticut.)

THE Legislature of Connecticut having incorporated the ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, with a Capital of One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars (with the liberty of increasing the same, if the business of the Company should require it, to Half a Million of Dollars) for the purpose of insuring Buildings, and every kind of personal property, from Loss or Damage by FIRE; the Directors feel a particular satisfaction in offering to their fellow-citizens the means of securing against that kind of loss, which frequently, in a UNEXPECTED MOMENT, involves in destruction the earnings of a life of industry and frugality, and reduces the independent and affluent, together with their families, to poverty and distress. To provide an additional guard against calamities of this nature, has been the primary motive of this Institution; and the Directors engage to conduct its concerns, with a liberal, candour and liberality which will justly entitle it to the confidence and patronage of the public.

Classes of Hazards and Rates of Annual Premiums for Insurance against Fire.

First Class.—Buildings of brick or stone, covered with tile, slate or metal; the doors and windows of solid iron, goods not hazardous therein, 22 cents per $ 100

Second Class.—Buildings of brick or stone, covered with tile, slate or metal, goods not hazardous therein, 25 cents per $ 100.

Third Class.—Buildings of brick or stone, roofs three-fifths of tile, slate or metal, the rest shingled, goods not hazardous therein, 30 cents per $ 100.

Fourth Class.—Building of brick or stone, covered with wood, goods not hazardous therein, 37 1-2 cents per 100.

Fifth Class.—Buildings of frame, filled in with brick, the front entirely of brick, goods not hazardous therein, 50 cents per $ 100.

Sixth Class.—Frame Buildings, filled in with brick, goods not hazardous therein, 62 1-2 cents per 100

Seventh Class.—Buildings entirely of wood, goods not hazardous therein, 75 to 100 cents per 100.

Goods *not hazardous* are such as are usually kept in Dry Goods Stores, including also household furniture and linen, cotton in bales, coffee, flour, indigo, potash, rice, sugars, and other articles not combustible.

The following trades, goods, wares and merchandise, are considered *hazardous*, and are charged with 12 1-2 cents per $ 100, in addition to the premium above named for each class, viz:

Chair Makers, Chocolate Makers, Sail Makers, Taverne keepers, Tobacco Manufacturers, China, Glass and Earthen ware in packages, Bookseller's stock chip and straw hats flax, hemp, groceries, including spirituous liquors, oil, pitch, salt petre, tar, turpentine.

The following trades and occupations, goods wares and merchandise, are deemed *extra hazardous*, and will be charged 25 cents and upwards per 100 dols. in addition to the premium above specified for each class viz:

Apothecaries or Druggists, Boat builders, Coach-makers, Soap boilers; Tallow and Ship-chandlers, Cabinet-makers, Carpenters in their own shops, or in buildings erecting or repairing. Chemists, China glass and earthern ware sellers, Coopers, Dyers, Founders, Musical Instrument Makers, Jewellers, and all Manufacturers requiring the use of fire-heat; aqua-fortis, ether, gunpowder, spirits of turpentine, hay, straw, fodder, and grain unthreshed

Mem. Grist Mills, Fulling Mills, Paper Mills, Saw Mills, and other Mills Manufactories, Distilleries, Bakeries Breweries, Malt Houses, Printing-Offices, Book-Binderies and Sugar Refineries, will be insured at special rates of premium.

N. B.—Country houses, standing detached from other buildings, though of the 6th or 7th Class, will be insured at 50 cents per 100 dollars.

Barns and Stables, in the Country, at 75 cents ditto ditto.

Conditions of Insurance.

I. Applications for Insurance must be in writing, and specify the construction and materials of the building to be insured, or containing the property to be insured; by whom occupied, whether as a private dwelling, or how otherwise; its situation, with respect to contiguous buildings, and their construction and materials; whether any manufacture is carried on within or about it and in case of goods and merchandise, whether or not they are of the description denominated *hazardous* or *extra hazardous*.—Any if any person insuring any building or goods in this Office, shall describe the same otherwise than as they really are, so that the same be insured at less than the rate of premiums specified in the printed proposals of the Company, such insurance shall be void and of no effect.

II. No insurance, whether original or continued, shall be considered as binding, until the actual payment of the premium.

III. Goods held in trust, or on Commission, are to be insured as such; otherwise the Policy will not cover such property.

IV. Polices of Insurance, subscribed by this Company, shall not be assignable without the consent of the Company expressed by endorsement made thereon. In case of alienation without such consent whether of the whole Policy or of any interest in it, the liability of the Company, in virtue of such Policy, shall thenceforth cease.

V. Notice of all previous insurances upon property insured by this Company shall be given to them, and endorsed on this Policy, or otherwise acknowledged by the Company in writing, at or before the time of their making insurance thereon; otherwise the Policy subscribed by this Company shall be of no effect. And in case of subsequent insurances on property insured by this Company notice thereof must also, with all reasonable diligence, be given to them; to the end that such subsequent insurance may be endorsed on the policy subscribed by this company, or otherwise acknowledged in writing; in default whereof such Policy shall thenceforth cease to operate.—And in all cases of insurance, this Company shall be liable for such rateable proportion of the loss or damage happening to the subject insured, as the amount insured by this Company shall bear to the whole amount insured thereon without reference to the dates of the different Policies.

VI. This Company will be liable for loss or on property burnt by lightning, but not for any loss or damage by fire happening by means of any invasion, insurrection, riot or civil commotion, or of any military or usurped power.

VII. Books of Account, written securities, or evidences of debt, title deeds, writings, money or bullion, are not deemed objects of insurance.

VIII. Jewels, plate, medals, paintings, statuary, sculptures and curiosities, are not deemed to be included in any insurance, unless specified in the Policy.

IX. All persons insured by this Company, and sustaining loss or damage by fire, are forthwith to give notice thereof to the Company; and as soon after as possible to deliver in a particular account of such loss or damage, signed with their own hands, and verified by their oath or affirmation, and also, if required, by their books of account and other proper vouchers. They shall also declare, on oath, whether any and what other insurance has been made on the same property, and procure a certificate under the hand of a magistrate, notary publick or clergyman (most contiguous to the place of the fire, and not concerned in the loss, or related to the sufferers) that they are acquainted with the character and circumstances of the person or persons insured; and do know or verily believe, that he, she or they, really and by misfortune, and without fraud or evil practice, hath or have sustained by such fire, loss and damage to the amount therein mentioned; and until such proofs, declarations and certificates are produced, the loss shall not be deemed payable.—Also, if there appear any fraud or false swearing, the claimant shall forfeit all claim by virtue of this Policy.

X. Payment of losses shall be made in sixty days after the loss shall have been ascertained and proved, without any deduction whatever; and in case differences shall arise touching any loss or damage, it may be submitted to the judgment of arbitrators indifferently chosen, whose award in writing shall be binding on the parties.

XI. Insurance may be made for seven years, by paying the premium for six years; and for over one, and a less number of years than seven, a reasonable discount shall be allowed.

XII. Insurances once made, may be continued for such further term as may be agreed on, the premium therefor being paid and endorsed on the Policy, or a receipt being given for the same; and they shall be considered as continued under the original representation, in so far as it may not be varied by a new representation in writing

HENRY L. ELLSWORTH, *President.*
ISAAC PERKINS, *Secretary.*

The subscriber is appointed Agent for the town of Providence and its vicinity, to whom application for insurance may be made.

STEPHEN TILLINGHAST.
Providence, September 26. tf.

Elizabeth Burlingham,

Informs her Friends and the Public,

THAT she has removed from Thames-street to the corner of Mill and Spring-street, to the house formerly occupied by Capt. *John Wood*, where she offers for Sale, Groceries of all kinds, wholesale and retail, as Cheap as any Store in Town, and Country Produce taken in pay.—She still continues keeping a Boarding-House, and would be happy to accommodate Ladies and Gentlemen at a reduced price.—If any one wishes to send Children to Town for the advantage of a school, they shall be taken good care of, and their board taken in produce.—She returns her thanks to those who have favoured her with their custom, and wishes a continuance of their friendship

Newport, Nov. 18.

JONATHAN REYNOLDS,

Has for Sale at his Store in Wickford.

A GENERAL Assortment of HARD WARE and Cutlery; Brass Andirons, Shovels and Tongs.—*Also.* Dry Goods, Rum and Groceries; Dutch Ploughs, and Ploughs ready-made; spare ploughs; spade forks; round and narrow cast steel axes; bar Iron and steel, and nails of all sorts; hearth tile, bricks, stone lime, Window Glass and Putty.

LIKEWISE,

400 wt. pearl ashes
6000 hhd. Hoops
1000 fish barrels
60 ruin ditto
20 bushels plaster
1500 Pine Clapboards
25 M do. Shingles
500 chesnut rails
30 bushels white Beans,
25 cords firewood
100 Quintals dry Codfish
10 bbls. Mackrel
20 barrels Cyder
30 do Flour
20 nests Cedar tubs
12 do. sugar boxes
15 grindstones
30 bundles wrapping Paper.
200 wt. hog's lard,
100 bush. Potatoes.

Also, in Lumber-Yard,

A general Assortment of Country Lumber, consisting of Ship Plank, boat Boards, common oak do. and joint half inch chesnut boards, &c. &c.

Wickford, Oct. 4.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons are hereby forbid trusting any of the Crew of the British Schooner *La Reine Blanche*, or others on board, as the Subscriber will not pay any debts of their contracting.

J. D. TURNBULL, *Master.*
Newport, Dec. 2.

ANDERSON'S COUGH DROPS.

The most Valuable Medicine in use for

Coughs & Consumptions

THIS new and healing Balsam bids fair to rival every Medicine heretofore discovered for Coughs and complaints of the lungs, leading to Consumptions, and even in seated Consumptions it has lately been used by many with the most surprizing success. If certificates from persons of the highest respectability or the great and increasing demand for it, may be called proof of its good effects, it is proved. Scarcely a case of Colds, Cough, pain in the side, difficulty of breathing, want of sleep arising from debility or even Consumptions, but may be relieved by the timely use of this Medicine. Many certificates of its efficacy accompany each bottle.

Caution—Be particular that every genuine bottle has "*Anderson's Cough Drops*" stamped on the bottle; and the directions are all signed by JAMES MULLEN.

I *Samuel H. Jones*, of Salisbury, do hereby certify that my wife has for more than five years been troubled with a violent cough, difficulty of breathing, and loss of appetite, and almost deprived of sleep; and having tried as we supposed, every thing that might relieve her without receiving any benefit. I was induced to have her make trial of Anderson's Cough Drops, and after using two bottles her cough entirely left her—she enjoyed her former sleep, which she had not done for years, and was again restored to strength. I can with confidence say I believe these Drops to be the best Medicine in use, for Coughs, and Complaints of the Lungs.

S. H. JONES.
Salisbury, March 26, 1818.

☞ The above Medicine is for Sale by

SAMUEL W. VINSON,
Thames-Street.—NEWPORT.

By THOMAS S. TAYLOR. *Little-Rest*, and DA WHITNEY, *Providence.*
Newport, June 1.

WOOL CARDING.

THE Subscribers inform their friends and the public that they have replenished their Carding Machines with new Cards of the finest and most approved manufacture and that they are now enabled to Card Wool of all grades, in the best manner.

They continue to Manufacture all kinds of Woolen Goods as usual.—Also they color and finish Woolen Cloths of all descriptions and to color garments &c. that have faded or become unfashionable.—All branches of the above business will be done with despatch and on the lowest terms and the least favor gratefully acknowledged

CLARKE & GRINNELL.

N. B.—*Sanford Almy* Little-Compton—*Peleg Corey* Tiverton—*William Pearse* Bristol-Ferry—and *Job Sherman* in Newport will receive and forward articles intended for the Manufactory.

Portmouth, July 31.

NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors against the estate of

Samuel Almy,

late of said Newport, deceased, represented insolvent, give notice, that Six Months from the date hereof is allowed the creditors to exhibit their claims, and that we will attend for the purpose of receiving the same, at our respective dwellings, at any time during said period

EDWARD W. LAWTON } Comm'rs.
EDWARD SIMMONS. }

All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make payment to

WILLIAM RICHARDSON, *Adm'r.*
Newport, Nov. 10.